Taxonomic Notes on the Ant Genus Crematogaster in Japan (Hymenoptera: Formicidae)

Keiichi ONOYAMA

Laboratory of Ecosystem Conservation, Obihiro University of Agriculture and Veterinary Medicine, Inada-cho, Obihiro, 080-8555 Japan

Abstract. Taxonomic notes on four species of the ant genus Crematogaster in Japan are given. The species treated are C. matsumurai Forel (=C. matsumurai var. iwatensis Santschi syn. nov.), C. nawai Ito stat. nov. (=C. laboriosa Smith, 1874 syn. nov.), C. teranishii Santschi stat. nov., and C. vagula Wheeler stat. nov. Key to species, a table of diagnoses, and SEM pictures are presented.

Key words: Crematogaster, ant, taxonomy, synonyms, Japan.

Introduction

The genus Crematogaster has been one of the ant genera unchallenged in Japan from the current viewpoint of classification. Onoyama & Morisita (1992) gave a key to and descriptions of 5 species or subspecies of the subgenus Crematogaster and 2 species of the subgenus Orthocrema occurring in Japan, but did not mention 2 available varieties described from Japan. The status of two subspecies and 2 varieties of the subgenus Crematogaster has not been assessed. As Onoyama (1980) stated, the examination of type material of the taxa so far described is necessary to solve the problems. I have examined some of these, and obtained some taxonomic results on four species of the subgenus Crematogaster, including new synonyms. As stated by Onoyama (1976), Santschi's (1930) characterization of Japanese Crematogaster forms is still useful. Although the number of the taxa treated in Onovama & Morisita (1992) is the same as here, the nomenclature and taxonomic status are changed.

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Measurements and Indices

Head length (HL): maximum dorsal full-face view length from the anteriormost margin of clypeus to the posterior margin of occiput.

Head width (HW): maximum dorsal view distance across head excluding eyes.

Cephalic index (CI): HW/HL×100.

Scape length (SL): length of scape excluding radicle.

Scape index (SI): SL/HW×100.

Eye length (EL): maximum length of eye.

Width of frontal lobes (FW): maximum width between the right and left outermost margins of frontal lobes in dorsal view.

Pronotal width (PW): Maximum width of pronotum in dorsal view.

Weber's length of mesosoma (WL): maximum diagonal distance from the base of anterior slope of pronotum (namely excluding cervix) to the propodeal lobe (=metapleural lobe).

Propodeal spine length (PSL): lateral view length from the base of propodeal spine to its apex.

Distance between propodeal spines (PSD): maximum distance between the apices of propodeal spines.

Petiole width (PtW): maximum width of petiole in dorsal view.

Postpetiole width (PPW): maximum width of postpetiole in dorsal view.

All measurements were carried out with a direct reading micrometer apparatus (Sokubi-keisoku-souchi